

The population of the State at the end of 1842 was 23,799; and at the end of 1918 it had increased to 1,430,758. During the period 1842-1918 the revenue steadily increased from £87,296 to £12,673,000. There was no public debt until after separation. In 1855 the State indebtedness was £480,000; in 1918 the funded debt had reached £78,191,361, which has been spent on revenue-yielding and other works of a permanent character. The land in cultivation in 1842 was slightly over 8,000 acres; it now amounts to 5,782,954 acres. In the number of horses, cattle, and pigs increases are generally shown. The value of oversea imports in 1861 was £10,991,377; in 1917-18 it was £20,656,786. Oversea exports amounted to £12,209,794 in 1861, and to £18,713,776 in 1917-18. No railways or telegraphs were in existence up to the end of 1855; in 1861 there were 214 miles of railway open and in 1918 there were 4,157 miles; 2,586 miles of telegraph wires had been erected up to 1861, and 29,606 miles up to the 30th June, 1918. Postal business in letters and newspapers has expanded rapidly during the period covered by the table, and there has also been a large increase in Savings Bank deposits, which rose from £52,697 in 1850 to £30,756,929 in 1918.

The expenditure on education amounted to £115,000 in 1855, and had increased to £1,385,075 in 1917-18. Members of friendly societies numbered 1,698 in 1856, and 158,035 in 1917—the funds amounting to £213,000 in 1871 and £3,017,503 in 1917. Hands employed in factories rose from 19,468 in 1871 to 118,241 in 1917-18. The total value of rateable property in municipalities, which was £29,600,000 in 1861, was £831,336,715 in 1917-18.

## CONSTITUTION AND GOVERNMENT.

### The Present Constitution.

After the establishment of the Federal Government it became evident that the representation of the States in the States Houses was excessive, and steps were taken to reform the States Constitutions. Accordingly an Act "to provide for the Reform of the Constitution" was passed in Victoria and reserved for the Royal assent on 7th April, 1903. After an interval of some months the Royal assent was proclaimed on 26th November, 1903. This Act, entitled *The Constitution Act 1903*, provided for a reduction in the number of responsible Ministers from ten to eight, and in their salaries from £10,400 to £8,400; and decreased the number of members of the Legislative Council from 48 to 35, including one special representative for the State railways and public servants; but increased the number of electoral provinces from fourteen to seventeen, each being now represented by two members elected for six years—one retiring every three years by rotation, except at a general election, when one-half of the members are to be elected for only three years. The

Reform Act  
1903.

property qualification of members of the Council was reduced from £100 to £50 as the annual value of the freehold, and that of electors qualifying as lessees or occupying tenants from an annual value of £25 to one of £15. A reduction was also made in the number of members of the Legislative Assembly from 95 to 68—including two to be specially elected by the railway officers, and one by the State public servants—and in that of the electoral districts from 84 to 65. The Constitution was again amended in 1906 by the repeal of the provisions in the Act of 1903 relating to the separate representation of railway officers and State public servants. The Assembly now consists of 65 and the Council of 34 members.

Power is given to any Minister who is a member of the Assembly to sit in the Council or *vice versa*—in order to explain the provisions of any measure connected with any department administered by him. The Council is empowered to suggest alterations in any Appropriation Bill once at each of three stages of the Bill, viz.—(a) when in Committee, (b) on the Report of the Committee, and (c) on the third reading. The remedy provided to meet disagreements between the two Houses is the simultaneous dissolution of both after a Bill has been twice submitted to, and rejected by, the Council—viz., once before, and once after, a dissolution of the Assembly in consequence of such first rejection.

The Governor acts under the authority of Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, and according to Royal instructions issued by the Colonial Office. He is the official head of the Legislature, and assents in the name of the Crown to all Acts passed by the Parliament, reserving for the Royal assent certain Bills, such as those relating to divorce or to the granting of land or money to himself. The only matters in which the exercise of any discretion is required on the part of the Governor are (a) the assenting to or dissenting from, or reserving of Bills passed by the Parliament; (b) the granting or withholding of a dissolution of Parliament when requested by a Premier; and (c) the appointment of a new Ministry.

When a Ministry is defeated in Parliament on an important measure or at the polls, its members almost invariably tender their resignations to the Governor, whose duty it is in such a case to announce his intention of accepting them. The outgoing Premier generally suggests to the Governor, as his successor, the name of the most prominent of his opponents, usually the leader of the Opposition. Thereupon the Governor “sends for” the individual suggested, who, if he feels in a position to carry on the Government, endeavours to form a Ministry. If he fails, he informs the Governor of the fact, and some one else is applied to. The distribution of the portfolios is first arranged by the proposed Ministers

Forming a  
new Ministry.

themselves, and submitted to the Governor for approval, who always adopts it, unless the list contains the name of some one against whom very serious objections exist, or foreshadows a new and revolutionary arrangement.

**Granting a dissolution.** When a Ministry finds that it is unable to carry on the affairs of the country in the manner it deems essential for the well-being of the community, when it is defeated on a measure which it considers vital, or when it has not a proper working majority, the Premier may, instead of advising the Governor to "send for" some one else, ask for a dissolution; and the principle which guides a Governor in granting or refusing such a request is the probability of success for the Ministry in the event of its being granted. In regard to these matters, however, the instructions issued to the Governor are elaborate and definite; and it is very rarely that any personal exercise of discretion is necessary. In other matters the Governor acts on the advice of the Executive Council.

**The Executive Council.** The Executive Council consists of two classes of members, viz. :—(a) Members forming the Ministry of the day, whether salaried or honorary; (b) all ex-Ministers who have not actually resigned or vacated their seats. The latter Councillors take no active part, as such, in the deliberations of the Ministry, the title being merely an honorary distinction. The expression "Governor in Council," occurring so frequently in Victorian Acts, means the Governor by and with the advice of such members of the Executive Council as are included in the former category mentioned above. Even in its active phase, that of the existing Ministry, the Executive Council has two shapes, the formal and the informal. The latter, which is spoken of as the "Cabinet," is the real core and essence of the Government. In its private meetings at the Premier's office no one is admitted but the actual Ministry of the day, no record of the meetings transpire, and no official notice is ever taken of the proceedings. The former is presided over by the Governor, and attended by the Clerk of the Council, who keeps a formal record of its proceedings and deliberations, which are frequently published with the names of its members prefixed. Here the decisions of the Cabinet are put into official form.

**Responsible Ministers.** The number of salaried Ministers is now limited to eight, and their salaries to £8,400; four at least must be members of the Council or Assembly, but not more than two shall be members of the Council nor more than six of the Assembly. Although only four Ministers are required to be members of either House, in practice all members of a Ministry are always members. The head of the Ministry—the Premier, a merely titular distinction—has usually filled the office of Treasurer as well, and may occupy any office.

**The Parliament.** The Parliament consists of two Chambers, the Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly. The general power of legislation is conferred upon "His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the said Council and Assembly." By Section 56 of The Constitution Act it was provided that—"All Bills for appropriating any part of the revenue of Victoria, and for imposing any duty, rate, tax, rent, or impost shall originate in the Assembly, and may be rejected, but not altered by the Council." There was great difference of opinion as to the interpretation of this section, it being held by many that the words "all Bills for appropriating" (revenue) "and for imposing" (taxes) signified Bills having for their principal object the authorizing of payments or the granting of supply; it was also contended that legislation which merely incidentally or consequentially authorized the collection of money or the payment of officials could be dealt with as ordinary legislation by the Council. This matter was dealt with by Section 30 of *The Constitution Act 1903*, which, on a consolidation of Acts, became Section 33 of *The Constitution Act Amendment Act 1915* (No. 2632). This section declares that a Bill shall not be deemed for appropriating, &c., or for imposing, &c., by reason only of its containing provisions "for the imposition or appropriation of fines or other pecuniary penalties or for the demand or payment or appropriation of fees for licences or fees for services under such Bill." In regard to the latter portion of Section 56 of The Constitution Act, providing that Money Bills must originate in the Assembly, and may be rejected but not altered by the Council, the new Act provides, as in the Commonwealth Constitution, that the Council may suggest alterations, as mentioned previously.

It is also provided by Section 57 of The Constitution Act that Appropriation Bills must have been first recommended by a message of the Governor to the Assembly before they can be introduced. The Governor, of course, acts in this matter on the advice of the Ministry.

**The Legislative Council.** The Council—called the Upper House—now consists of 34 members. The State is divided into seventeen electoral provinces, each returning two members. At the first election the member in each constituency who, of the two elected, receives the higher number of votes retains his seat for six years, whilst the other member retains his seat for three years only, subject, of course, to the dissolution of both Houses in case of a deadlock, as previously described. One-half of the members thus retire every three years. To be qualified for membership, a candidate must be a male of the age of 30 years, and a natural-born subject, or if not natural-born, must have been naturalized and resident in Victoria for ten years, and must have been beneficially entitled to a freehold estate in Victoria of the clear annual value according to municipal valuation of £50 for one year "previously to" his election. The following persons aged 21 or over, if they are natural-born subjects, or naturalized for three years and resident in Victoria

for twelve months, are entitled to vote for the Council in the electoral division on the rolls of which their names appear:—The owner of a freehold rated at an annual value of £10; the owner of a leasehold created originally for five years or the occupying tenant of land, rated at £15 annual value, graduates of a British University, matriculated students of the University of Melbourne, barristers and solicitors, legally-qualified medical practitioners, duly appointed ministers of religion, certificated schoolmasters, and naval and military officers, active and retired. Qualified ratepayers are enrolled automatically from the municipal rolls. Those persons claiming in respect of a professional residential qualification must take out electors' rights for the division in which they reside. The Victorian Adult Suffrage Act, which received the Royal assent on 31st March, 1909, provides for womanhood suffrage in elections for the Council under the same property and other conditions as relate to men.

**The  
Legislative  
Assembly.**

The Assembly, commonly called the Lower House, now consists of 65 members. For the whole of the seats single electorates are now provided. Each Assembly expires by effluxion of time at the end of three years from its first meeting, but may be sooner dissolved by the Governor. To be qualified for election to the Assembly, a candidate must be a natural-born subject or a person who has been naturalized for five years and resident in Victoria for two years. The following persons are ineligible:—Judges, ministers of religion, Government contractors, uncertificated insolvents, holders of offices of profit under the Crown (except Ministers), and persons who have been attainted of treason, or convicted of felony or infamous offence in the British dominions. Moreover, a member vacates his seat, if he resigns; is absent for a whole session without permission of the House; takes any oath or declaration of allegiance or adherence to a foreign power, or becomes a subject of a foreign State; becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or a public defaulter; is attainted of treason, or convicted of felony, &c.; becomes *non compos mentis*; or enters into a Government contract. Universal suffrage is in force for the Assembly, all persons over the age of 21 years, natural-born or naturalized, untainted by crime, being allowed a vote, if their names are on a general roll and if they have been resident in the State six months and in the district one month. An Act to amend the law relating to Parliamentary elections was passed on 4th January, 1911. Provision is made for the general roll for the Legislative Assembly to be compiled by an electoral canvass of each district, during which canvass particulars are to be obtained from each householder concerning persons resident in the house aged 21 years and upwards. Persons enrolled in respect of residence may also be enrolled in another district on the general roll for lands or tenements situated therein. No person is entitled to have his name on more than two general rolls, and a person cannot vote more than once at an Assembly election. The franchise was extended to women by the *Adult Suffrage Act 1908*, assented to

in March, 1909. A member of the Assembly receives reimbursement of his expenses in relation to his attendance at the rate of £300 per annum. The Assembly is presided over by a Speaker, who is elected at the first meeting after every general election, and vacates his seat by expiry or dissolution of the House, and by death, resignation, or a removing vote of the House. When the Assembly resolves itself into a Committee of the whole House to consider the details of any measure, it is presided over by a Chairman of Committees. The Assembly cannot proceed to business unless twenty members, exclusive of the Speaker, are present; and the Speaker has a casting but no substantive vote.

**Voting by  
post at  
elections.**

To facilitate the exercise of the franchise in sparsely-populated districts, the *Voting by Post Act* 1900 was passed on 17th October, 1900. This measure enabled any elector who was resident, or was likely to be staying, on the polling day, more than five miles from the nearest polling booth, or who was prevented by reason of sickness or infirmity from voting personally, to obtain a ballot-paper entitling him to vote by post for any candidate in his district standing for either House of Parliament. This Act came into force on 1st December, 1900, and continued in force for three years and thence until the end of the next session of Parliament. Subsequent Acts continued the measure to 31st December, 1910. The *Electoral Act* 1910, now incorporated in *The Constitution Act Amendment Act* 1915 (No. 2632), makes permanent provision for voting by post at elections for either House. If an elector satisfies the returning officer that he resides five miles or, in the case of a mountainous division, at least three miles from the nearest polling booth, or has reason to believe that he will not be within five miles of the nearest polling booth on the day of the election during the hours of polling, or that on account of ill-health or infirmity he will be prevented from voting personally, a postal ballot-paper may be issued to him. At the State elections held on 26th November, 1914, 7,266 persons voted by post, representing 2·27 per cent. of the total votes recorded, and at the elections held on 15th November, 1917, 6,540 persons voted similarly, this number being 1·83 per cent. of the total votes polled.

**Limitation of  
election  
expenses.**

By an Act originally passed on 24th December, 1903, now incorporated in *The Constitution Act Amendment Act* 1915 (No. 2632), it is provided that the electoral expenses (other than personal expenses incurred in travelling and attending election meetings) of a candidate for the Legislative Council and Assembly shall not exceed £400 and £150 respectively. A limitation is also placed upon the matters in respect of which such sums may be expended. No electoral expenses shall be incurred by or on behalf of a candidate except in respect of:—(1) The expenses of printing, advertising, publishing, issuing, and distributing addresses and notices, and purchase of rolls. (2) The expenses of stationery, messages, postage, and telegrams. (3) The expenses of holding public

meetings, and hiring halls for that purpose. (4) The expenses of committee rooms. (5) One scrutineer at each polling booth, and no more. (6) One agent for any electoral province or district.

### ELECTIONS FOR THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

**Elections. Legislative Council, 1916.** At the triennial elections for the Legislative Council, held on 1st June, 1916, five seats were contested, twelve members being returned unopposed. The following table shows the number of electors on the rolls for each province, and the number who voted in the provinces where elections were held :—

#### NUMBER OF ELECTORS AND VOTES POLLED AT THE TRIENNIAL ELECTIONS FOR THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL ON 1st JUNE, 1916.

Province.	Number of Electors on Rolls.	Number of Electors who Voted.			Informal Votes.	Number who Voted by Post.	Proportion of Electors who Voted.
		Rate-payers.	Non-Rate-payers.	Total.			
							Per cent.
East Yarra ..	30,499	..	..	..	..	..	..
Melbourne ..	18,986	..	..	..	..	..	..
"    East ..	18,873	..	..	..	..	..	..
"    North ..	29,866	8,920	..	8,920	44	85	29·86
"    South ..	23,976	..	..	..	..	..	..
"    West ..	25,446	10,178	5	10,183	79	103	40·02
Bendigo ..	10,940	..	..	..	..	..	..
Gippsland ..	13,032	5,062	4	5,066	18	51	38·87
Nelson ..	10,904	..	..	..	..	..	..
Northern ..	12,722	..	..	..	..	..	..
North-Eastern ..	12,778	..	..	..	..	..	..
"    Western ..	15,907	..	..	..	..	..	..
Southern ..	13,667	5,037	13	5,050	20	19	36·95
South-Eastern ..	22,537	..	..	..	..	..	..
"    Western ..	16,336	..	..	..	..	..	..
Wellington ..	10,410	5,628	6	5,634	42	115	54·12
Western ..	13,442	..	..	..	..	..	..
	300,321	..	..	..	..	..	..
Less uncontested provinces (12) ..	207,900	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	92,421	34,825	28	34,853	203	373	37·71

**Elections. Legislative Council, 1919.** At the last triennial elections held on the 5th June, 1919, six seats were contested, viz., Melbourne, Melbourne East, Melbourne North (2), East Yarra, and South-Eastern Provinces. There were two vacancies in the province of Melbourne North, the second being occasioned by the death of the sitting member. Particulars of these elections will be found in the Appendix to this volume.

**ELECTIONS FOR THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, 1917.**

**Elections.  
Legislative  
Assembly.**

At the elections for the Legislative Assembly held on 15th November, 1917, there were contests in 51 of the 65 constituencies, each returning one member. The number of electors on the rolls was 828,230—397,585 males and 430,645 females—and in contested districts 54·21 per cent. of the number entitled recorded their votes, the proportion for males being 54·30 per cent. and for females 54·12 per cent. The following table shows the number of electors, the votes polled, and the percentage of the latter to the former in the different electoral districts:—

**NUMBER OF ELECTORS AND VOTES POLLED FOR THE  
LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY AT THE GENERAL ELECTION ON  
15TH NOVEMBER, 1917.**

Electoral Districts.	Number of Electors on Rolls at Date of General Election.			Electors who Voted.					
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Percentage of Num- ber on the Roll.		
							Males.	Females.	Total.
Abbotsford ..	7,092	8,141	15,233				Uncontested.		
Albert Park ..	9,362	11,523	20,885	4,726	6,224	10,950	50·48	54·01	52·42
Allandale ..	2,786	2,937	5,723	1,615	1,771	3,386	57·96	60·29	59·16
Ballaarat East	4,391	5,618	10,009	2,906	4,157	7,063	66·18	73·92	70·56
Ballaarat West	4,204	5,935	10,139				Uncontested.		
Barwon ...	5,542	6,151	11,693	2,863	2,900	5,763	51·66	47·14	49·28
Benalla ...	4,100	3,828	7,928	2,619	2,401	5,020	63·87	62·72	63·31
Benambra ...	3,684	3,027	6,711	2,022	1,415	3,437	54·88	46·74	51·21
Bendigo East	3,906	4,857	8,763	2,513	3,263	5,776	64·33	67·18	65·91
Bendigo West	4,517	4,933	9,450	2,544	3,205	5,749	56·32	64·97	60·83
Boroondara ...	17,125	22,162	39,287	7,760	10,217	17,977	45·31	46·14	45·75
Borung ...	4,006	3,440	7,446	2,432	2,117	4,549	60·70	61·54	61·09
Brighton ...	9,540	12,149	21,689	4,486	5,930	10,416	47·02	48·89	48·02
Brunswick ...	11,072	12,611	23,683	5,556	6,100	11,656	50·18	48·37	49·21
Bulla ...	5,818	5,244	11,062	3,063	2,420	5,483	52·64	46·14	49·56
Carlton	6,195	7,118	13,313				Uncontested.		
Castlemaine and Maldon ...	3,082	3,748	6,830				Uncontested.		
Collingwood ...	6,760	7,883	14,643				Uncontested.		
Dalhousie ...	3,512	3,674	7,186	2,564	2,804	5,368	73·00	76·31	74·70
Dandenong ...	8,050	7,721	15,771	3,534	3,330	6,864	43·90	43·12	43·52
Daylesford ...	3,395	3,340	6,735	2,279	2,396	4,675	67·10	71·73	69·41
Dundas ...	4,322	4,069	8,391	2,431	2,407	4,838	56·24	59·15	57·65
Eaglehawk ...	3,540	3,615	7,155	2,634	2,574	5,208	74·40	71·20	72·77
East Melbourne	5,183	6,589	11,772	2,325	3,249	5,574	44·85	49·30	47·34
Essendon ...	13,071	15,107	28,178	7,911	9,895	17,806	60·52	65·49	63·19
Evelyn ...	5,402	5,310	10,712	2,658	2,229	4,887	49·20	41·97	45·62
Fitzroy ...	6,241	7,881	14,122				Uncontested.		
Flemington ...	10,740	11,394	22,134	5,363	5,226	10,589	49·93	45·86	47·84
Geelong ...	6,466	7,777	14,243	4,219	5,600	9,819	65·24	72·00	68·93

NUMBER OF ELECTORS AND VOTES POLLED FOR THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY AT THE GENERAL ELECTION ON 15TH NOVEMBER, 1917  
—continued.

Electoral Districts.	Number of Electors on Rolls at Date of General Election.			Electors who Voted.					
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Percentage of Num- ber on the Roll.		
							Males.	Females.	Total.
Gippsland East	3,688	2,691	6,379	2,184	1,581	3,765	59·21	58·75	59·02
Gippsland Nth.	4,598	4,290	8,888	Uncontested.					
Gippsland Sth.	5,576	4,493	10,069	2,838	1,954	4,792	50·89	43·48	47·59
Gippsland West	4,787	4,055	8,842	Uncontested.					
Glenelg	4,689	4,456	9,145	3,056	2,991	6,047	65·17	66·96	66·07
Goulburn Valley	4,495	4,205	8,700	2,167	1,601	3,768	48·20	38·07	43·31
Grenville	2,724	2,733	5,457	1,788	1,911	3,699	65·63	69·92	67·78
Gunbower	4,625	3,729	8,354	Uncontested.					
Hampden	5,950	5,618	11,568	3,358	3,121	6,479	56·43	55·55	56·00
Hawthorn	10,961	15,216	26,177	Uncontested.					
Jika Jika	14,183	16,059	30,242	7,945	8,727	16,672	56·05	54·34	55·12
Kara Kara	3,543	3,257	6,800	2,428	2,279	4,707	68·52	69·97	69·22
Korong	3,807	3,284	7,091	2,309	1,996	4,305	60·65	60·77	60·71
Lowan	4,898	4,676	9,574	Uncontested.					
Maryborough	3,538	3,641	7,179	2,332	2,490	4,822	65·91	68·89	67·17
Melbourne	4,867	4,051	8,918	Uncontested.					
Mornington	7,930	6,915	14,845	3,525	2,749	6,274	44·45	39·60	42·27
Nth. Melbourne	7,831	9,210	17,041	3,986	4,985	8,971	50·90	54·12	52·64
Ovens	3,002	2,986	5,988	1,832	1,696	3,528	61·02	56·79	58·91
Polwarth	5,730	5,208	10,938	3,700	3,193	6,893	64·57	61·30	63·01
Port Fairy	4,116	3,686	7,802	2,782	2,501	5,283	67·58	67·85	67·71
Port Melbourne	8,353	8,016	16,369	4,775	5,183	9,958	57·16	65·65	60·83
Prahran	8,179	12,095	20,274	3,843	5,372	9,215	46·74	44·41	45·45
Richmond	7,968	9,022	16,990	Uncontested.					
Rodney	5,359	4,992	10,351	3,701	3,436	7,137	69·06	68·83	68·94
St. Kilda	12,274	17,671	29,945	5,619	8,813	14,432	45·77	49·87	48·19
Stawell and									
Ararat	4,588	4,467	9,055	2,645	2,731	5,376	57·65	60·91	59·37
Swan Hill	8,072	5,878	13,950	4,697	3,216	7,913	58·18	54·71	56·72
Toorak	9,269	14,449	23,718	3,336	6,063	9,399	35·99	41·96	39·62
Upper Goulburn	4,440	3,796	8,236	2,461	1,934	4,395	55·42	50·94	53·36
Walhalla	3,547	2,796	6,343	1,604	1,093	2,697	48·04	39·09	42·52
Wangaratta	4,005	3,714	7,719	Uncontested.					
Waranga	3,841	3,219	7,060	2,415	2,044	4,459	62·87	63·49	63·15
Warrenheip	3,275	2,784	6,059	2,047	1,915	3,962	62·53	68·78	65·39
Warrnambool	4,513	4,564	9,077	2,755	2,908	5,663	61·04	63·71	62·38
Williamstown	11,260	10,941	22,201	5,166	4,369	9,535	45·87	39·93	42·99
Total	397,585	430,645	828,230	..	..	..	..	..	..
Less fourteen uncontested districts	80,283	89,459	169,742	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total contested districts	317,302	341,186	658,488	172,317	184,682	356,999	54·30	54·12	54·21

**Preferential  
Voting.**

The preferential system of voting was adopted where there were more than two persons standing for the same electorate. By the method in vogue previously to 1911 it was not unusual for a candidate to be elected who had received the support of only a minority of those voting. Under the present system a candidate is returned only if the result shows that the majority of those who have voted prefer him to the candidate who has received the next lower number of votes.

In filling up the ballot-paper electors are required to place the figure "1" opposite the name of the candidate whom they wish to see elected, the figure "2" opposite the name of the one whom they would prefer should the first not be returned, the figure "3" opposite their next choice, and so on. After it is known how many first preference votes have been given to the various candidates, if no candidate has received an absolute majority the candidate who has received the fewest first preference votes is declared defeated. The ballot-papers of such defeated candidate are then examined with the view of ascertaining to what candidates the second preferences have been given, and these second preferences are allotted to the persons to whom they relate. Each remaining candidate thus receives, in addition to the first preferences accorded to him, the second preferences in his favour appearing on ballot-papers of the candidate who has been defeated. If there are still more than two candidates left, the procedure described above is repeated, the candidate occupying the lowest place being declared defeated, until it is found that one candidate has received an absolute majority of votes.

In twenty-five of the contests in the election of November, 1917, there were more than two candidates. In nine of these the candidate who received the greatest number of votes had an absolute majority of the total first preferences recorded, and consequently a second count was unnecessary. In the sixteen remaining cases the distribution of ballot-papers of defeated candidates among non-defeated candidates next in order of voters' preference was put into operation, with the result that the candidates returned received an absolute majority of the votes recorded. In five of such cases the candidate who occupied the highest position on the first count was displaced after the second and subsequent preferences had been distributed.

The following are the proportions of electors who voted at the last twenty-one general elections of the State Lower House in districts in which the elections were contested :—

PROPORTION OF VOTERS AT GENERAL ELECTIONS FOR THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, 1866 TO 1917.

Year of General Election.	Proportion of Electors of Contested Districts who voted.		Year of General Election.	Proportion of Electors of Contested Districts who voted.	
	Per cent.			Per cent.	
1866 ...	...	55·10	1894 ...	...	70·95
1868 ...	...	61·59	1897 ...	...	70·33
1871 ...	...	65·02	1900 ...	...	63·47
1874 ...	...	61·00	1902 ...	...	65·47
1877 ...	...	62·29	1904 ...	...	66·72
1880 (Feb.) ...	...	66·56	1907 ...	...	61·26
1880 (July) ...	...	65·85	1908 ...	...	53·64
1883 ...	...	64·96	1911 ...	...	63·61
1886 ...	...	64·70	1914 ...	...	53·92
1889 ...	...	66·58	1917 ...	...	54·21
1892 ...	...	65·12			

The twenty-fourth Parliament was opened on 3rd December, 1914, and was dissolved on 23rd October, 1917. The first session of the twenty-fifth Parliament was opened on 29th November, 1917, and closed on 9th April, 1918; the second session was opened on 9th July, 1918, and closed on 7th January, 1919.

The following is a statement of the duration in days of each Parliament since the establishment of responsible government, the

number of days in session during each Parliament, and the percentage of the latter to the duration :—

**DURATION OF PARLIAMENTS AND SESSIONS,  
1856 TO 1919.**

Number of Parliament.	Period.	Duration of Parliament.	Days in Session.	
			Number.	Percentage to Duration..
		Days.		
1st .. ..	1856-8	991	691	69·7
2nd .. ..	1859-60	637	566	88·8
3rd .. ..	1861-4	1,091	728	66·7
4th .. ..	1864-5	378	366	96·8
5th .. ..	1866-7	686	391	57·0
6th .. ..	1868-70	1,048	734	70·0
7th .. ..	1871-3	1,049	639	60·9
8th .. ..	1874-6	1,072	700	65·3
9th .. ..	1877-9	993	684	68·9
10th .. ..	1880	49	46	93·9
11th .. ..	1880-2	926	802	86·6
12th .. ..	1883-6	1,088	543	49·9
13th .. ..	1886-9	1,091	653	59·9
14th .. ..	1889-92	1,093	636	58·2
15th .. ..	1892-4	845	524	62·0
16th .. ..	1894-7	1,089	684	62·8
17th .. ..	1897-00	1,088	586	53·9
18th .. ..	1900-02	671	358	53·4
19th .. ..	1902-3	436	300	68·8
20th .. ..	1904-7	968	509	52·6
21st .. ..	1907-8	518	327	63·1
22nd .. ..	1909-11	1,021	548	53·7
23rd .. ..	1911-14	1,066	584	54·8
24th .. ..	1914-17	1,056	614	58·1
25th (1st and 2nd Sessions) .. ..	1917-19	..	315	..

It will be seen that there was a greater percentage of working days during the nineteenth Parliament than during any other since 1882. Excluding the nineteenth Parliament, the tendency of late years is, according to the above figures, towards shorter sessions than formerly. The longest recess was in 1866-7, when 230 days elapsed between the closing of the second and the opening of the third session of the fifth Parliament; in 1905-6 the recess lasted 196 days.

**STATE ACTS PASSED DURING 1918.**

The following is a short synopsis of the Acts passed by the State Parliament during 1918 :—

Act No.	Date.	
2931 ..	13th February	.. This Act applies £651,591 out of the Consolidated Revenue for the service of the year 1917-18.

- 2932 .. 13th March .. This Act applies £645,204 out of the Consolidated Revenue for the service of the year 1917-18.
- 2933 .. 26th March .. The *Victorian Loan Act* 1918 authorizes the raising of £470,000 to be expended as follows:—For irrigation and water supply works and for drainage and flood protection works in country districts, £270,000; for State school purposes (other than maintenance), £50,000; and for other public works, £150,000.
- 2934 .. .. The *Public Works Loan Application Act* 1918 sanctions the issue and application of £169,200 out of loan funds for public works.
- 2935 .. .. The *Municipal Endowment Act* 1918 fixes the municipal endowment at £50,000 for the year 1917-18.
- 2936 .. .. The *Water Supply Loans Application Act* 1918 sanctions the issue and application of £395,000, available under Loan Acts, for irrigation works, water supply works, drainage, and flood protection works in country districts, and for works under the River Murray Waters Acts.
- 2937 .. .. The *Geelong Waterworks and Sewerage (Borrowing Powers), Act* 1918 increases the total borrowing powers of the Trust, and also raises the amount that may be borrowed on overdraft from £5,000 to £10,000.
- 2938 .. 4th April .. The *Country Roads (Special Loan) Act* 1918 makes provision for a special loan of £100,000 for certain purposes under the *Country Roads Act* 1915.
- 2939 .. .. The *Geelong Harbor Trust Act* 1918 increases the borrowing power of the Trust from £550,000 to £591,000, the additional amount of £41,000 to be expended as follows:—£28,000 on the Corio freezing works and abattoirs and £13,000 for additional engine power at Corio Quay.
- 2940 .. .. The *Railways Advances Act* 1918 extends the time for the repayments into "The Public Account" of certain moneys advanced or to be advanced under the Acts of 1912, 1914, and 1915.
- 2941 .. .. The *Railway Lands Acquisition Act* 1918, to be read with the Act of 1915, gives power to the Governor in Council to authorize an increase in the amount to be borrowed on overdraft.
- 2942 .. .. The *Railways Act* 1918, to be read with the Act of 1915, relates to the generation, use, and supply of electricity by the Victorian Railways Commissioners.
- 2943 .. .. The *Railway Loan Application Act* 1918 sanctions the issue and application of £800,000 available under Loan Acts for railway and other purposes.
- 2944 .. .. The *Developmental Roads Act* 1918, to be read with the *Country Roads Act* 1915 and amending Acts, makes provision for developmental roads.
- 2945 .. .. This Act applies £1,638,183 out of the Consolidated Revenue for the service of the year 1917-18, and appropriates supplies granted during two sessions amounting to £8,370,572 to the service of the Government.
- 2946 .. .. The *Friendly Societies Act* 1918 relates to agreements between medical practitioners and friendly societies.

- 2947 .. 12th July .. This Act applies £2,415,826 out of the Consolidated Revenue for the service of the year 1918-19.
- 2948 .. 13th August .. The *Closer Settlement (Board) Act* 1918 preserves the rights of officers of the Public Service appointed as members of the Board.
- 2949 .. 27th August .. This Act applies £244,823 out of the Consolidated Revenue for the service of the year 1917-18.
- 2950 .. 24th September .. The *Cool Stores Sites Act* 1918 provides for the sale of certain lands at Doncaster, Burwood, and Diamond Creek, being the sites of cool stores built by the Government.
- 2951 .. 8th October .. The *Railways Act* 1918 (No. 2) alters the method of debiting expenditure as provided in the Act of 1916.
- 2952 .. 11th October .. This Act applies £1,390,603 out of the Consolidated Revenue for the service of the year 1918-19.
- 2953 .. 29th October .. The *Tramway Board Act* 1918 extends the operation of the Tramway Board Acts to 31st October, 1919.
- 2954 .. 4th November .. The *Wills (War Service) Act* 1918, to be read with the Act of 1915, amends the law with respect to testamentary dispositions by soldiers and sailors.
- 2955 .. 4th December .. The *Melbourne Harbor Trust Act* 1918, to be read with the Act of 1915, vests certain land in the Commissioners and makes provision for the dredging of certain channels on such land.
- 2956 .. .. The *Water Act* 1918 amends the Act of 1915 by giving the States Rivers and Water Supply Commission power to make flood protection rates or charges.
- 2957 .. .. The *Metropolitan Fire Brigades Board Loan Act* 1918 increases the amount that may be borrowed by the Board from £200,000 to £250,000.
- 2958 .. .. The *Surplus Revenue Act* 1918 allocates the surplus of receipts over expenditure for the year 1917-8, amounting to £220,155, to various public works and services.
- 2959 .. .. The *Mildura Vineyards Protection Act* 1918 relates to diseases of vines within the Shire of Mildura and to the protection of vineyards within the shire from such diseases.
- 2960 .. .. The *Acts Interpretation (War Service) Act* 1918 defines the meaning of certain expressions in enactments passed since the beginning of the war.
- 2961 .. 11th December .. The *Land Tax Act* 1918 fixes the rate of tax for the year 1919 at  $\frac{1}{4}$ d. on every pound sterling of the unimproved value where the unimproved value exceeds £250; the minimum of tax payable to be two shillings and sixpence.
- 2962 .. .. The *Real Property Act* 1918, to come into operation on 1st January, 1919, amends the law relating to the disposition of real property.
- 2963 .. .. This Act applies £692,186 out of the Consolidated Revenue for the service of the year 1918-19.
- 2964 .. 23rd December .. The *Pilots' Advance Repayments Act* 1918 amends the Act of 1898 by extending the time within which an advance of £23,000 may be repaid to the Consolidated Revenue.
- 2965 .. .. The *Municipal Endowment Act* 1918 (No. 2) provides that the endowment to municipalities for the financial year 1918-19 be £50,000.

- 2966 .. 23rd December .. The *Transfer of Land Act* 1918 amends the Act of 1915.
- 2967 .. " .. The *Justices Act* 1918, to be read with the Act of 1915, gives increased powers to clerks of Petty Sessions in regard to the issue of summonses and warrants, and makes other amendments in the Principal Act.
- 2968 .. " .. The *Victorian Loan Act* 1918 (No. 2) authorizes the raising of £350,000 for the construction of railways and tramways and £400,000 for irrigation and water supply works, for drainage and flood protection works in country districts, and for works under the River Murray Water Acts.
- 2969 .. 31st December .. The *Wheat Marketing Act* 1918, to be read with the Act of 1915 and Amending Acts, extends the operation of the "pool" to the 1918-19 wheat harvest.
- 2970 .. " .. The *Portland Shire Hall Act* 1918 revokes the permanent reservation and Crown grant of certain land at Walook, in the parish and shire of Portland, as a site for a shire hall, and provides for the sale of such land and the application of the proceeds towards the purchase of a site and the erection of buildings for a shire hall and certain other purposes.
- 2971 .. " .. The *Public Service Act* 1918, to be read with the Act of 1915, repeals from 1st January, 1919, section 6 of the *Public Service Act* 1915 (No. 2), which provided that any officer promoted to a higher office in the State Public Service during the continuance of the war should receive no extra emolument on such promotion.
- 2972 .. " .. The *Railway Loan Application Act* 1918 (No. 2) sanctions the issue and application of £850,000 out of loan funds for railways or tramways and works connected therewith.
- 2973 .. " .. The *Water Supply Loans Application Act* 1918 (No. 2) sanctions the issue and application of £492,000 available under Loan Acts for irrigation and water supply works, drainage and flood protection works in country districts, and works under the River Murray Water Acts.
- 2974 .. " .. The *Metropolitan Hawkers Act* 1918 amends the law relating to hawkers and pedlars.
- 2975 .. " .. The *Health Act* 1918, to be read with the Act of 1915, confers additional powers on the Board of Health in the declaration of infected areas in the case of dangerous contagious or infectious diseases.
- 2976 .. " .. The *Forests Act* 1918, to be read with the Act of 1915, provides for the constitution of a Forests Commission consisting of three members—a chairman with a salary not exceeding £1,000 per annum, and two commissioners with salaries not exceeding £800 per annum each. The Commission is given considerable power in the management of State forests.
- 2977 .. " .. The *Cardigan Land Act* 1918 revokes the permanent reservation and Crown grant of portion of certain land situate in the parish of Cardigan as a site for a public park.

- 2978 .. 31st December .. The *Piangil to Pine Tank Railway Construction Act* 1918 authorizes the construction by the State of a line of railway from Piangil to Pine Tank.
- 2979 .. .. The *Manangatang to Bryden's Tank Railway Construction Act* 1918 authorizes the construction by the State of a line of railway from Manangatang to Bryden's Tank.
- 2980 .. .. The *Gaols Act* 1918, to be read with the Act of 1915, relates to the employment of prisoners, and gives power to make regulations to mitigate or remit the term of punishment of offenders who perform work with special industry.
- 2981 .. .. The *Local Government Act* 1918, to be read with the Principal Act of 1915, extends the preferential system of voting to municipal elections and amends the building by-laws, &c.
- 2982 .. .. The *Stamps Act* 1918, to be read with the Act of 1915, alters the law with regard to the duty payable on exchanges of real property, and extends until 30th June, 1923 the double stamp duties payable on certain bills of exchange drawn or payable out of Victoria.
- 2983 .. .. The *Goods Act* 1918 amends the Act of 1915, principally in regard to the trade description or origin of goods offered for sale.
- 2984 .. .. The *Murchison and Rushworth Railway Deviation Act* 1918 authorizes a deviation on the Murchison and Rushworth railway.
- 2985 .. .. The *Developmental Roads Act* 1918 (No. 2), to be read with the *Country Roads Act* 1915, makes further provision with respect to developmental roads.
- 2986 .. .. The *Country Roads Act* 1918, to be read with the Principal Act of 1915, provides for the payment of £50,000 per annum from the consolidated revenue into the Country Roads Board Fund for the maintenance of main roads. Power is given to the Board to reduce the contributions of certain municipalities towards maintenance. Authority is also given for municipalities to incur overdrafts for permanent works and maintenance. The salary of the Chairman of the Board is raised from £800 to £1,000, and that of each of the other members from £600 to £700 per annum.
- 2987 .. .. The *Closer Settlement Act* 1918 makes many important amendments in the Principal Act of 1915.
- 2988 .. .. The *Discharged Soldiers Settlement Act* 1918 amends the Principal Act of 1915.
- 2989 .. .. The *Local Government (Moorabbin and Sandringham) Act* 1918 empowers the Moorabbin Shire Council to sell as much of its gasworks outside its district as it thinks fit to the Brighton Gas Company, and enables the Sandringham Town Council to borrow £3,500 as portion of the purchase money of £4,022 to be paid to the Moorabbin Shire.
- 2990 .. .. The *Fitzroy, Northcote, and Preston Tramways Act* 1918 increases the borrowing powers of the Trust from £85,000 to £120,000.

- 2991 .. 31st December .. The *State Savings Bank Act* 1918 confers power, with the consent of the Governor in Council, on the State Savings Bank to enter into arrangements under Commonwealth Acts with respect to provision for homes for soldiers.
- 2992 .. .. The *Second-hand Dealers Act* 1918 regulates the sale and purchase of goods by second-hand dealers.
- 2993 .. .. The *Teachers Act* 1918, to be read with the *Public Service Act* 1915, increases the rates of remuneration payable to State school teachers.
- 2994 .. .. The *Venereal Diseases Act* 1918, to be read with the Principal Act of 1916, deals with the treatment of persons suffering from venereal disease.
- 2995 .. 7th January, 1919 The *Melbourne and Metropolitan Tramways Act* 1918 provides for the constitution of a Board of seven members appointed by the Governor in Council to take control of the Metropolitan tramways. Particulars of the principal provisions of this Act are given in Part "Interchange" of the *Year-Book*, 1917-18.
- 2996 .. .. The *Electricity Commissioners Act* 1918 provides for the appointment by the Governor in Council of a body of three Electricity Commissioners, whose duty will be to take steps to secure the co-ordination or unification of all State or other electrical undertakings in Victoria.
- 2997 .. .. This Act applies £3,661,714 out of the Consolidated Revenue for the service of the year 1918-19, and appropriates supplies granted during the session amounting to £3,405,152 to the service of the Government.

### OFFICIAL AND PARLIAMENTARY.

The following return shows the names and periods of office of Governors and Acting Governors of the State, since the first appointment of Mr. Charles Joseph La Trobe as Superintendent, in 1839 :—

### GOVERNORS OF VICTORIA.

Name.	Date of Assumption of Office.	Date of Retirement from Office.
Charles Joseph La Trobe ...	30th Sept., 1839 ...	5th May, 1854
John Vesey Fitzgerald Foster (acting)	8th May, 1854 ...	22nd June, 1854
Captain Sir Charles Hotham, R.N., K.C.B.	22nd June, 1854 ...	31st Dec., 1855
Major-General Edward Macarthur (acting)	1st January, 1856...	26th Dec., 1856
Sir Henry Barkly, K.C.B. ...	26th December, 1856	10th September, 1863

GOVERNORS OF VICTORIA—*continued.*

Name.	Date of Assumption of Office.	Date of Retirement from Office.
Sir Charles Henry Darling, K.C.B.	11th September, 1863	7th May, 1866
Brigadier-General George Jackson Carey, C.B. (acting)	7th May, 1866 ...	15th August, 1866
The Honorable Sir John Henry Thomas Manners-Sutton, K.C.B.	15th August, 1866...	2nd March, 1873
Sir William Foster Stawell, Kt. (acting)	3rd March, 1873 ...	19th March, 1873
Sir George Ferguson Bowen, G.C.M.G.	31st March, 1873 ...	22nd February, 1879
Sir Redmond Barry, Kt. (acting) ...	3rd January, 1875...	10th January, 1875
Sir William Foster Stawell, Kt. (acting)	11th January, 1875	14th January, 1876
The Most Honorable George Augustus Constantine Phipps, Marquis of Normanby, G.C.M.G., P.C.	27th February, 1879	18th April, 1884
Sir William Foster Stawell, Kt. (acting)	18th April, 1884 ...	15th July, 1884
Sir Henry Brougham Loch, { G.C.M.G., K.C.B.	15th July, 1884 ... 18th October, 1889	8th March, 1889 15th November, 1889
Sir William Cleaver Francis Robin- { son, G.C.M.G. (acting)	9th March, 1889 ... 16th November, 1889	17th October, 1889 27th November, 1889
The Right Honorable John Adrian Louis Hope, Earl of Hopetoun, G.C.M.G.	28th November, 1889	12th July, 1895
The Honorable John Madden, LL.D. { (acting)	26th January, 1893 27th March, 1895 ...	11th May, 1893 24th October, 1895
The Right Honorable Baron Brassey, K.C.B.	25th October, 1895	31st March, 1900
The Honorable Sir John Madden, { K.C.M.G., LL.D. (acting)	29th December, 1896 27th September, 1897 23rd March, 1898 ...	16th February, 1897 10th October, 1897 21st October, 1898
The Honorable Sir John Madden, K.C.M.G., LL.D., Lieutenant- Governor (acting)	15th January, 1900	10th December, 1901
Sir George Sydenham Clarke, K.C.M.G., F.R.S.	10th December, 1901	24th November, 1903
The Honorable Sir John Madden, K.C.M.G., LL.D., Lieutenant- Governor (acting)	24th November, 1903	25th April, 1904
Major-General Hon. Sir Reginald Arthur James Talbot, K.C.B.	25th April, 1904 ...	6th July, 1908

GOVERNORS OF VICTORIA—continued.

Name.	Date of Assumption of Office.	Date of Retirement from Office.
The Honorable Sir John Madden, G.C.M.G., LL.D., Lieutenant-Governor (acting)	20th March, 1907 ..	18th November, 1907
	6th July, 1908 ..	27th July, 1908
	26th July, 1909 ..	10th August, 1909
	2nd February, 1910	9th February, 1910
	18th February, 1910	24th February, 1910
	28th July, 1910 ..	8th August, 1910
	19th May, 1911 ..	24th May, 1911
Sir Thomas David Gibson Carmichael, Baronet, K.C.M.G.	28th August, 1913..	23rd February, 1914
	27th July, 1908 ..	19th May, 1911
Sir John Michael Eleetwood Fuller, Baronet	24th May, 1911 ..	31st January, 1914
Sir Arthur Lyulph Stanley, K.C.M.G.	23rd February, 1914	

NOTE.—Captain William Lonsdale, formerly of the 4th Regiment, was appointed Police Magistrate of the District of Port Phillip on 9th September, 1836, and assumed office on the 29th of the same month. In that capacity he was in charge of the District until the appointment of Mr. C. J. La Trobe, as Superintendent. Subsequently, Captain Lonsdale acted as Superintendent during the temporary absence of Mr. La Trobe, who was called on to administer the Government of Tasmania from the 13th October, 1846, to the 25th January, 1847. Sir William H. Irvine was appointed Lieutenant-Governor, to act in the absence of the Governor, by Commission dated April, 1918.

The following list shows the names of Ministers who held office from the separation of the Colony from New South Wales in 1851 up to the establishment of responsible government in 1855 :—

MINISTERS PRIOR TO RESPONSIBLE GOVERNMENT.

Name of Minister.	Office.	Date of Assumption of Office.
William Lonsdale .. ..	Colonial Secretary	15th July, 1851
Alastair Mackenzie .. ..	Colonial Treasurer..	
Charles Hotson Ebdon .. ..	Auditor-General ..	
Robert Hoddle .. ..	Surveyor-General ..	
Alexander McCrae .. ..	Chief Postmaster ..	
William Foster Stawell .. ..	Attorney-General ..	13th April, 1852
Redmond Barry .. ..	Solicitor-General ..	
James Horatio Nelson Cassell ..	Collector of Customs	
Edward Eyre Williams .. ..	Solicitor-General ..	21st July, 1852
James Croke .. ..	Solicitor-General ..	
Frederick Armand Powlett .. ..	Colonial Treasurer..	30th September, 1852
Hugh Culling Eardley Childers ..	Auditor-General ..	11th October, 1852
Andrew Clarke .. ..	Surveyor-General ..	1st July, 1853
John Vesey Fitzgerald Foster ..	Colonial Secretary	20th July, 1853
Hugh Culling Eardley Childers ..	Collector of Customs	5th December, 1853
Edward Grimes .. ..	Auditor-General	8th December, 1853
Robert Molesworth .. ..	Solicitor-General ..	4th January, 1854
William Clark Haines .. ..	Colonial Secretary	12th December, 1854

In the next list will be found the names of the  
 Ministries, Premiers of the several Governments from 1855 to the  
 1855 to 1919. present date:—

### MINISTRIES SINCE RESPONSIBLE GOVERNMENT.

Number of Ministry and Name of Premier.	Date of Assumption of Office.	Date of Retirement from Office.	Duration of Office.
			Days.
1. William Clark Haines...	28th November, 1855	11th March, 1857 ...	469
2. John O'Shanassy ...	11th March, 1857 ...	29th April, 1857 ...	49
3. William Clark Haines...	29th April, 1857 ...	10th March, 1858 ...	315
4. John O'Shanassy ...	10th March, 1858 ...	27th October, 1859	596
5. William Nicholson ...	27th October, 1859...	26th November, 1860	396
6. Richard Heales ...	26th November, 1860	14th November, 1861	353
7. John O'Shanassy ...	14th November, 1861	27th June, 1863 ...	590
8. James McCulloch ...	27th June, 1863 ...	6th May, 1868 ...	1,775
9. Charles Sladen ...	6th May, 1868 ...	11th July, 1868 ...	66
10. James McCulloch ...	11th July, 1868 ...	20th September, 1869	436
11. John Alexander Mac- Pherson	20th September, 1869	9th April, 1870 ...	201
12. James McCulloch ...	9th April, 1870 ...	19th June, 1871 ...	436
13. Charles Gavan Duffy...	19th June, 1871 ...	10th June, 1872 ...	357
14. James Goodall Francis	10th June, 1872 ..	31st July, 1874 ...	781
15. George Briscoe Kerferd	31st July, 1874 ...	7th August, 1875 ...	372
16. Graham Berry ...	7th August, 1875 ...	20th October, 1875 ...	74
17. Sir James McCulloch	20th October, 1875...	21st May, 1877 ...	579
18. Graham Berry ...	21st May, 1877 ...	5th March, 1880 ...	1,019
19. James Service ...	5th March, 1880 ...	3rd August, 1880 ...	151
20. Graham Berry ...	3rd August, 1880 ...	9th July, 1881 ...	340
21. Sir Bryan O'Loughlen...	9th July, 1881 ...	8th March, 1883 ...	607
22. James Service ...	8th March, 1883 ...	18th February, 1886	1,078
23. Duncan Gillies ...	18th February, 1886	5th November, 1890	1,722
24. James Munro ...	5th November, 1890	16th February, 1892	469
25. William Shiels ...	16th February, 1892	23rd January, 1893	343
26. James Brown Patterson	23rd January, 1893	27th September, 1894	612
27. Sir George Turner, P.C., K.C.M.G.	27th September, 1894	5th December, 1899	1,895
28. Allan McLean ...	5th December, 1899	19th November, 1900	350
29. Sir George Turner, P.C., K.C.M.G.	19th November, 1900	12th February, 1901	85
30. Sir Alexander James Peacock, K.C.M.G.	12th February, 1901	10th June, 1902 ...	483
31. William Hill Irvine ...	10th June, 1902 ...	16th February, 1904	616
32. Sir Thomas Bent, K.C.M.G.	16th February, 1904	8th January, 1909	1,789
33. John Murray ...	8th January, 1909	18th May, 1912 ...	1,226
34. William Alexander Watt	18th May, 1912 ...	9th December, 1913	205

MINISTRIES SINCE RESPONSIBLE GOVERNMENT—*continued.*

Number of Ministry and Name of Premier.	Date of Assumption of Office.	Date of Retirement from Office.	Duration of Office.
			Days.
35. George Alexander Elmslie	9th December, 1913	22nd December, 1913	13
36. William Alexander Watt	22nd December, 1913	18th June, 1914 ...	178
37. Sir Alexander James Peacock, K.C.M.G.	18th June, 1914 ...	9th November, 1915	509
38. Sir Alexander James Peacock, K.C.M.G.	9th November, 1915	29th November, 1917	751
39. John Bowser ...	29th November, 1917	21st March, 1918 ...	112
40. Harry Sutherland Wightman Lawson	21st March, 1918 ...		

As a result of the general election held in November, 1917, the Peacock Administration resigned office and the Governor intrusted the formation of a new Ministry to the Hon. J. Bowser. The Bowser Ministry was defeated in a division on the Railway Department estimates in the Legislative Assembly on the 13th March, 1918, and resigned office on 21st March, 1918. The Hon. H. S. W. Lawson was commissioned to form an Administration. The following list shows the names of the Ministers in July, 1919, and the offices held by them:—

**LAWSON MINISTRY.**

Name.	Office.
Lawson, Harry Sutherland Wightman	Premier and Attorney-General.
Baird, Matthew .. .. .	Chief Secretary, Minister of Public Health, and Minister of Labour.
McPherson, William Murray ..	Treasurer.
Robinson, Arthur, M.L.C. ...	Solicitor-General, Commissioner of Public Works, and a Vice-President of the Board of Land and Works.
Hutchinson, William .. .. .	Minister of Public Instruction, Minister of Forests, and a Vice-President of the Board of Land and Works.
Clarke, Francis Grenville, M.L.C. ..	Commissioner of Crown Lands and Survey, Minister of Water Supply, and President of the Board of Land and Works.
Barnes, Samuel .. .. .	Minister of Railways, Minister of Mines, and a Vice-President of the Board of Land and Works.
Oman, David Swan .. .. .	Minister of Agriculture.
McWhae, John, M.L.C. .. .. .	Honorary Minister.
Mackinnon, Donald .. .. .	Honorary Minister.
Campbell, Hugh John Munro ..	Honorary Minister.

The names of members and officers of Parliament and of the constituencies which the members represent are given below :—

### MEMBERS OF THE STATE PARLIAMENT, 1919.

#### THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

President : Hon. W. S. Manifold.

Name of Province.	Name of Member.	Date of Retirement.
Bendigo .. ..	Hon. J. Sternberg .. ..	1922
	Hon. A. Hicks .. ..	1925
East Yarra .. ..	Hon. J. K. Merritt .. ..	1922
	Hon. W. H. Edgar .. ..	1925
Gippsland .. ..	Hon. E. J. Crooke .. ..	1922
	Hon. G. M. Davis .. ..	1925
Melbourne .. ..	Hon. J. McWhae (Honorary Minister) .. ..	1922
	Hon. Sir H. Weedon, K.B. .. ..	1925
Melbourne East .. ..	Hon. J. P. Jones .. ..	1922
	Hon. D. L. McNamara .. ..	1925
Melbourne North .. ..	Hon. E. L. Kiernan .. ..	1922
	Hon. W. J. Beckett .. ..	1925
Melbourne South .. ..	Hon. T. H. Payne .. ..	1922
	Hon. A. Robinson (Solicitor-General and Commissioner of Public Works) .. ..	1925
Melbourne West .. ..	Hon. J. G. Aikman .. ..	1922
	Hon. J. H. Disney .. ..	1925
Nelson .. ..	Hon. T. Beggs .. ..	1922
	Hon. J. D. Brown .. ..	1925
Northern .. ..	Hon. W. L. Baillieu .. ..	1922
	Hon. F. G. Clarke (Commissioner of Crown Land and Survey and Minister of Water Supply) .. ..	1925
North-Eastern .. ..	Hon. A. O. Sachse (Chairman of Committees) .. ..	1922
	Hon. W. Kendell .. ..	1925
North-Western .. ..	Hon. R. B. Rees .. ..	1922
	Hon. G. L. Goudie .. ..	1925
Southern .. ..	Hon. W. C. Angliss .. ..	1922
	Hon. W. L. R. Clarke .. ..	1925
South-Eastern .. ..	Hon. W. A. Adamson .. ..	1922
	Hon. A. E. Chandler .. ..	1925
South-Western .. ..	Hon. H. F. Richardson .. ..	1922
	Hon. A. A. Austin .. ..	1925
Wellington .. ..	Hon. F. W. Brawn .. ..	1922
	Hon. A. Bell .. ..	1925
Western .. ..	Hon. W. S. Manifold (President) .. ..	1922
	Hon. E. J. White .. ..	1925

Clerk of the Legislative Council : R. W. V. McCall, J.P.

Clerk Assistant : H. H. Pearson.

Usher, Accountant, and Clerk of Committees : W. R. Heywood.

Clerk of the Records : P. T. Pook.

Clerk of the Papers : L. V. Hoyle.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE PARLIAMENT, 1919—*continued.*

THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Speaker : Hon. J. E. Mackey.

Name of Electoral District.	Name of Member.
Abbotsford .. ..	G. C. Webber.
Albert Park .. ..	J. F. Hannan.
Allandale .. ..	Hon. Sir A. J. Peacock, K.C.M.G.
Ballaarat East .. ..	Hon. R. McGregor (Chairman of Committees).
Ballaarat West .. ..	Hon. M. Baird (Chief Secretary, Minister of Public Health, and Minister of Labour).
Barwon .. ..	D. McLennan.
Benalla .. ..	Hon. J. J. Carlisle.
Benambra .. ..	H. Beardmore.
Bendigo East .. ..	L. J. Clough.
Bendigo West .. ..	Hon. D. Smith.
Boroondara .. ..	E. W. Greenwood.
Borong .. ..	Hon. W. Hutchinson (Minister of Public Instruction and Minister of Forests).
Brighton .. ..	O. R. Snowball.
Brunswick .. ..	J. R. Jewell.
Bulla .. ..	Hon. A. R. Robertson.
Carlton .. ..	R. H. Solly.
Castlemaine and Maldon .. ..	Hon. H. S. W. Lawson (Premier and Attorney-General).
Collingwood .. ..	Hon. M. Hannah.
Dalhousie .. ..	A. F. Cameron.
Dandenong .. ..	F. Groves.
Daylesford .. ..	Hon. D. McLeod.
Dundas .. ..	W. Slater.
Eaglehawk .. ..	T. Tunnecliffe.
East Melbourne .. ..	A. A. Farthing.
Essendon .. ..	T. Ryan.
Evelyn .. ..	W. H. Everard.
Fitzroy .. ..	Hon. J. W. Billson.
Flemington .. ..	E. C. Warde.
Geelong .. ..	R. Purnell.
Gippsland East .. ..	Hon. J. Cameron.
Gippsland North .. ..	J. W. McLachlan.
Gippsland South .. ..	Hon. T. Livingston.
Gippsland West .. ..	Hon. J. E. Mackey (Speaker).
Glenelg .. ..	Hon. H. J. M. Campbell (Honorary Minister).
Goulburn Valley .. ..	J. D. Mitchell.
Grenville .. ..	D. H. Gibson.
Gunbower .. ..	Hon. H. Angus.
Hampden .. ..	Hon. D. S. Oman (Minister of Agriculture).
Hawthorn .. ..	Hon. W. M. McPherson (Treasurer).
Jika Jika .. ..	J. Cain.
Kara Kara .. ..	J. W. Pennington.
Korong .. ..	I. J. Weaver.
Lowan .. ..	J. Menzies.
Maryborough .. ..	Hon. A. R. Outtrim.
Melbourne .. ..	A. Rogers.
Mornington .. ..	Hon. A. Downward.
North Melbourne .. ..	Hon. G. M. Prendergast.
Ovens .. ..	Hon. A. A. Billson.
Polwarth .. ..	J. McDonald.
Port Fairy .. ..	H. S. Bailey.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE PARLIAMENT, 1919—*continued*.THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY—*continued*.

Name of Electoral District.	Name of Member.
Port Melbourne .. ..	J. L. Murphy.
Prahran .. ..	Hon. D. Mackinnon (Honorary Minister).
Richmond .. ..	E. J. Cotter.
Rodney .. ..	J. Allan.
St. Kilda .. ..	Hon. A. Wynne.
Stawell and Ararat .. ..	R. F. Toutcher.
Swan Hill .. ..	P. G. Stewart.
Toorak .. ..	N. Bayles.
Upper Goulburn .. ..	M. K. McKenzie.
Walhalla .. ..	Hon. S. Barnes (Minister of Railways and Minister of Mines).
Wangaratta .. ..	Hon. J. Bowser.
Waranga .. ..	J. Gordon.
Warrenheip .. ..	E. J. Hogan.
Warnambool .. ..	J. D. Deany.
Williamstown .. ..	Hon. J. Lemmon.

Clerk of the Parliaments and Clerk of the Legislative Assembly: H. H. Newton, J.P.

Clerk Assistant and Clerk of Private Bills: W. R. Alexander.

Clerk of the Papers, Clerk of Committees, and Serjeant-at-Arms: J. M. Worthington.

Reader and Clerk of the Record: W. R. Barstow.

Accountant and Assistant Clerk of Committees: P. P. Conlan.

Chief *Hansard* Reporter: A. Burr.

## FOREIGN CONSULS.

The following is a return of Consuls-General and Consuls for Victoria of foreign countries:—

## CONSULS-GENERAL.

Country.	Name.
Argentina .. ..	Bartoli, U.A.
Belgium .. ..	Lauwers, E.
China .. ..	Ouci-Tze-King.
Colombia .. ..	Lyle, M.
Cuba .. ..	Altimira y Polo, Senor Antonio.
Denmark .. ..	Wadsted, Otto.
Netherlands .. ..	Bosschart, W. L.
Norway .. ..	Koren, Finn.

## CONSULS.

Chili .. ..	Barrows, R. H.
Ecuador .. ..	Phillips, Edwin.
Greece .. ..	Maniachi, A.
Guatemala .. ..	De Bavay, Auguste.
Italy .. ..	Lauwers, E. (Acting).
Japan .. ..	Fullarton, D. B. (Hon.).
Mexico .. ..	McKinley, A.
Netherlands .. ..	Assche, O. Van (Hon.).
Nicaragua .. ..	Medina, R.
Panama .. ..	Phillips, Edwin.
Peru .. ..	Loyer, J. F.

FOREIGN CONSULS—continued.

CONSULS—continued.

Country.	Name.
Portugal .. ..	Thomson, J. (Acting).
Servia .. ..	Oldham, A. E.
Spain .. ..	de Montero y de Madrazo, Senor Don J.
" .. ..	Cave, H. (Hon.).
Sweden .. ..	Waern, J. D.
Swiss Confederation .. ..	Stahel, G.
United States .. ..	Magelssen, W. C.
Uruguay .. ..	Walters, H. A.

VICE-CONSULS.

Belgium .. ..	Valcke, M.
Brazil, United States of .. ..	Sheppard, H. A.
China .. ..	Ouang Yung.
Denmark .. ..	Holdenson, P. J.
" .. ..	Belcher, E. N.
France .. ..	Fliche, H.
Liberia .. ..	Coombs, W. G.
Netherlands .. ..	Teppema, P. E.
Norway .. ..	Schreuder, A. T. (Hon.).
Paraguay .. ..	Fraser, W. S.
United States .. ..	McCafferty, W. J.

TRADE COMMISSIONERS.

The following Trade Commissioners have been appointed by the countries mentioned to represent them in Victoria :—

Representing—

United Kingdom .. ..	McGregor, S. W. B.
Canada .. ..	Ross, D. H.
New Zealand .. ..	Manson, H. J.
Brazil .. ..	Sheppard, S. H.

PRINCIPAL STATE OFFICERS.

Appended is a list of the principal officers in the Public Service of Victoria, including the Judiciary and other officers not under the provisions of the Public Service Acts. Officers of Parliament are given above, in conjunction with members of the Houses :—

Office.	Name.
Chief Justice .. ..	The Hon. Sir William H. Irvine. K.C.M.G.
Puisne Judges .. ..	Sir H. E. A. Hodges, K.B. J. H. Hood. L. F. B. Cussen.
County Court Judges .. ..	W. H. Moule. J. S. Wasley. H. C. Winneke. C. J. Z. Woinarski. W. H. Williams.
Master-in-Equity and Lunacy and Registrar of Titles .. ..	H. A. Templeton.
Commissioner of Titles .. ..	W. C. Guest, K.C.
Public Service Commissioner .. ..	G. C. Morrison, I.S.O.

PRINCIPAL STATE OFFICERS—*continued.*

Office.	Name.
Inspector-General of the Insane ..	Dr. W. E. Jones.
Agent-General, London ..	Sir P. McBride, K.B.
Auditor-General ..	J. A. Norris.
Chairman of the Board of Public Health and Medical Inspector	Dr. E. Robertson.
Chief Commissioner of Police ..	Lieut.-Col. Sir G. C. T. Steward.
Curator of Estates of Deceased Persons	W. B. House.
Prosecutor for the King at Melbourne	H. C. G. Macindoe.
Prosecutors for the King ..	J. A. Gurner, K.C.; S. Leon, K.C.
Chief Clerk and Taxing Master,	M. M. Phillips.
Supreme Court	
Government Botanist ..	Dr. A. J. Ewart.
State Rivers and Water Supply Commissioners—	
Chairman ..	W. Cattnach.
Commissioner ..	J. S. Dethridge.
Commissioner ..	E. Shaw.
Closer Settlement Board—	
Chairman ..	W. McIver.
Member ..	Temple A. J. Smith.
Member ..	G. Moore.
State Accident Insurance—	
Commissioner ..	W. H. Holmes.

## CHIEF SECRETARY'S DEPARTMENT.

Under Secretary ..	W. A. Callaway.
Chief Clerk ..	H. E. Macdowell.
Government Medical Officer ..	Dr. J. A. O'Brien.
Government Statist ..	A. M. Laughton, F.S.S.
Marine Board ..	Secretary, J. G. McKie.
Neglected Children and Reformatory Schools	Secretary, J. Molloy.
Premier ..	Secretary, F. T. Short.
Public Library, Museums, and National Gallery	Chief Librarian and Secretary, E. La T., Armstrong.
Public Service Commissioner ..	Secretary, J. D. Merson.

## TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Under-Treasurer ..	M. A. Minogue.
Chief Clerk ..	T. E. Meek.
Accountant ..	W. P. Heathershaw.
Taxation Office ..	Commissioner, R. M. Weldon.
Land Tax ..	Deputy Commissioner, M. Murphy.
Government Printer ..	A. J. Mullett.

## DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Director of Education ..	Frank Tate, I.S.O., C.M.G.
Chief Inspector ..	A. Fussell.
Chief Clerk ..	C. S. McPherson.
Assistant Chief Inspector ..	T. W. Bothroyd.
" " " ..	W. F. Gates.
Secondary Schools ..	Chief Inspector, M. P. Hansen.
Technical Schools ..	Chief Inspector, D. Clark.

PRINCIPAL STATE OFFICERS—*continued.*

LAW DEPARTMENT.

Office.	Name.
Secretary .. ..	W. R. Anderson, I.S.O.
Parliamentary Draftsman .. ..	J. T. Collins.
Crown Solicitor .. ..	E. J. D. Guinness, I.S.O.
Police Magistrates .. ..	E. N. Moore and 14 others.
Coroner, &c. .. ..	Dr. R. H. Cole.
Chief Clerk .. ..	A. T. Lewis.
Master-in-Equity and Registrar-General	H. A. Templeton.
Prothonotary .. ..	D. F. McGrath.
Sheriff and Inspector-General of Penal Establishments	J. W. K. Freeman.

DEPARTMENT OF LANDS AND SURVEY.

Secretary for Lands .. ..	W. McIver.
"    "    Under .. ..	A. A. Peverill.
Surveyor-General .. ..	A. B. Lang.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.

Secretary for Public Works .. ..	E. T. Drake.
Chief Clerk and Accountant .. ..	G. Clowser.
Chief Architect .. ..	S. C. Brittingham.
Chief Engineer and Engineer for Ports and Harbors	G. Kermode.

DEPARTMENT OF MINES.

Secretary of Mines .. ..	W. Dickson.
Director of Geological Survey .. ..	H. Herman.
Chief Mining Inspector .. ..	A. H. Merrin.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH.

Secretary .. ..	T. W. H. Holmes.
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DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Director of Agriculture .. ..	Dr. S. S. Cameron.
Agricultural Superintendent .. ..	A. E. V. Richardson.
Chief Veterinary Inspector .. ..	W. A. N. Robertson.
Government Analytical Chemist .. ..	P. R. Scott.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE FORESTS.

Secretary .. ..	W. Dickson.
Conservator .. ..	H. R. Mackay.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR.

Secretary for Labour and Chief Inspector of Factories	H. M. Murphy.
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DEPARTMENT OF RAILWAYS.

Commissioners .. ..	C. E. Norman (Chairman), E. B. Jones, and W. M. Shannon.
Secretary .. ..	G. H. Sutton.
"    to the Minister .. ..	T. P. Lynch.
Chief Clerk .. ..	J. S. Rees.
General Superintendent of Transportation	T. B. Molomby
Superintendent Passenger Train Service	J. J. Tierney.

## DEPARTMENT OF RAILWAYS—continued.

Office.	Name.
Superintendent Goods Train Service . . .	C. Miscamble.
„ Locomotive Running	G. Lorimer.
General Passenger and Freight Agent	W. E. N. Keast.
Chief Accountant .. ..	T. F. Brennan.
Assistant Accountant .. ..	H. W. Mead.
Chief Clerk .. ..	A. Williams.
Auditor of Receipts .. ..	J. F. Stewart.
„ Disbursements .. ..	R. A. McIlwraith.
Chief Mechanical Engineer .. ..	A. E. Smith.
Assistant Chief Mechanical Engineer ..	R. Ferguson.
Workshops Manager .. ..	W. Arthur.
Chief Engineer of Way and Works ..	E. H. Ballard.
Assistant Chief Engineer of Way and Works	W. R. Rennick.
Engineer of Maintenance .. ..	N. Birnie.
„ Signals .. ..	F. M. Calcutt.
Chief Electrical Engineer .. ..	W. Stone.
Telegraph Superintendent .. ..	W. A. Holmes.
Chief Architect .. ..	J. W. Hardy.
„ Storekeeper .. ..	C. W. J. Coleman.
Superintendent of Printing .. ..	A. Valentine.
Railway Construction—	
Chief Engineer .. ..	M. E. Kernot.
Assistant Chief Engineer .. ..	H. O. Sheeran.

Deputy Master	..	..	Major M. L. Bagge.
Superintendent of Bullion Office	..	..	A. M. Le Souëf.
First Assayer	..	..	F. R. Power.
Registrar and Accountant	..	..	W. M. Robins.
First Clerk	..	..	H. D. McCay.

**MELBOURNE UNIVERSITY.**

Return of the Professors, Lecturers, and Demonstrators of the  
Melbourne University :—

### PROFESSORS.

Office.	Name.
Mathematics, Pure and Mixed ..	Nanson, E. J., M.A.
Pathology .. ..	Allen, Sir H. B., M.D., B.S., LL.D.
Engineering .. ..	Payne, H., M. Inst. C.E., M.I. Mech. E.
Classical Philology ..	Tucker, T. G., M.A., Litt.D.
Mental and Moral Philosophy ..	Gibson, W. R. B., M.A., D.Sc.
English Language and Literature ..	Wallace, R. S., M.A.
" " "	Strong, A. T., M.A. (Acting).
Chemistry .. ..	Masson, D. O., C.B.E., M.A., D.Sc., F.R.S.E., F.R.S.
Biology .. ..	Spencer, Sir W. B., K.C.M.G., M.A., Litt. D., F.R.S.

MELBOURNE UNIVERSITY—continued.

PROFESSORS—continued.

Office.	Name.
Natural Philosophy .. ..	Laby, T. H., M.A.
Law .. ..	Moore, W. H., C.M.G., B.A., LL.D.
Music .. ..	Laver, W. A.
Physiology and Histology ..	Osborne, W. A., M.B., B.Ch., D.Sc.
Geology and Mineralogy ..	Skeats, E. W., D.Sc., F.G.S.
Anatomy .. ..	Berry, R. J. A., M.D., Ch.M., F.R.C.S., F.R.S.E.
Botany and Plant Physiology ..	Ewart, A. J., D.Sc., Ph.D., F.L.S.
Veterinary Pathology ..	Woodruff, H. A., M.R.C.V.S., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.
History .. ..	Scott, E.
Education .. ..	Smyth, J., M.A., D.Ph.
Director of Tutorial Classes ..	Atkinson, M., M.A.

LECTURERS

Equity .. ..	Mackey, J. E., M.A., LL.B.
Law of Contracts .. ..	Latham, J. G., M.A., LL.B.
Wrongs and Procedure .. ..	Maguire, J. R., B.A., LL.B.
Law of Property .. ..	Gregory, R. H., LL.B.
Classics and Philology .. ..	Kerry, Wm., M.A.
Mixed Mathematics .. ..	Michell, J. H., M.A., F.R.S.
Natural Philosophy (Evening) ..	Burdon, R. S., B.Sc. (acting).
French .. ..	Maurice-Carton, F. I., M.A., B. ès L.
German .. ..	Lodewyckx, A., M.A., Litt.D.
Surgery .. ..	Bird, F. D., C.B., M.B., M.S., F.R.C.S.
Theory and Practice of Medicine ..	Maudsley, H., C.M.G., M.D., F.R.C.P., M.R.C.S.
Obstetrics and Gynæcology ..	Horne, G., M.A., M.D., B.S.
Forensic Medicine .. ..	Mollison, C. H., M.B., B.S., M.R.C.S.
Anatomy .. ..	Middleton, F. G., M.B., B.S.
Pathology .. ..	Morgan, F. G., M.B., B.S.
Therapeutics .. ..	Bage, C., M.A., M.D., B.S.
Public Health .. ..	Sinclair, T. W., M.D., B.S.
Medical Ethics .. ..	Anderson, A. V. M., M.D., B.S., D.P.H.
Materia Medica and Pharmacy ..	Plowman, S., F.R.C.S.
Anæsthetics .. ..	Maxwell, L. A. I., M.Sc., B. Agr. Sc., B.S.
Regional and Applied Anatomy ..	Davies, F. L., M.B., B.S.
“ “ “ .. ..	Newton, H. A. S., M.B., M.S.
Bacteriology .. ..	Stephens, H. D., M.D., M.S. (acting).
Mining .. ..	Bull, R. J., M.D., B.S.
Architecture .. ..	Merrin, A. H., M.C.E.
“ “ “ .. ..	Alsop, R. H., F.R.I.B.A., F.R.V.I.A. (acting).
“ “ “ .. ..	Blackett, W. A. M., F.R.V.I.A., Lic. R.I.B.A.
Veterinary Anatomy and Surgery ..	Lewis, J. C., D.V.Sc.
“ Hygiene and Dietetics ..	Cameron, S. S., D.V.Sc., M.R.C.V.S.
“ Parasitology .. ..	Sweet, Miss Georgina, D.Sc.
“ Pathology and Bacteriology ..	Seddon, H. R., B.V.Sc.
“ Medicine and Obstetrics ..	Bordeaux, E. F. J., B.V.Sc., B. ès L.
Classics (Evening) .. ..	Cornwall, E. W., B.A.
Mathematics (Evening) .. ..	Weatherburn, C. E., M.A., D.Sc.
Metallurgy .. ..	Higgin, A. J., F.I.C.
Civil Engineering .. ..	Higgins, Geo., M.C.E., M. Inst. C.E.

## MELBOURNE UNIVERSITY—continued.

## LECTURERS—continued.

Office.	Name.
Electrical Engineering .. ..	Brown, E. B., M.Sc.
Engineering Design and Drawing ..	Kernot, W. N., M. Mech. E.
Concrete and Reinforced Concrete ..	Laing, J. A., M.C.E.
Surveying .. ..	Lupson, J. T., L.S.
Agriculture .. ..	Richardson, A. E. V., M.A., B.Sc.
Education .. ..	McRae, J., M.A.
" .. ..	Sharman, M.S., M.A., M.Sc.
Experimental Psychology, Geography, and Experimental Education	Fitt, A. B., M.A., Ph.D.
Teaching of Languages .. ..	Lawson, R., M.A.
Teaching of English and History ..	Marshall, Miss I. D., M.A.
English .. ..	Robinson, Miss Hilda M., M.A.
Logic (Evening) .. ..	Smith, T. J., M.A.
Philosophy .. ..	Stewart, J. McK., B.A., Ph.D.
History .. ..	Webb, Miss Jessie S. W., M.A.
Political Economy .. ..	Kelly, E. C. W., LL.M.

## LECTURERS AND DEMONSTRATORS.

Chemistry .. ..	Green, W. H., D.Sc., and Rivett, A. C. D., B.A., D.Sc.
Biology .. ..	Sweet, Miss Georgina, D.Sc.
Natural Philosophy .. ..	Love, E. F. J., M.A., D.Sc., F.R.A.S.
" .. ..	Holmes, W. M., M.A., B.Sc.
Histology, and Human Embryology ..	Hurley, L. E., M.B., B.Sc.
Bio-Chemistry .. ..	Jackson, Miss Liliac C., M.Sc. (acting).
Botany .. ..	McLennan, Miss Ethel I., B.Sc.
Geology .. ..	Summers, H. St. John, D.Sc.
Physiology .. ..	Maxwell, L. A. I., M.Sc., B. Agr. Sc., M.B., B.S.

## INSTRUCTORS.

Dutch .. ..	Lodewyckx, A., M.A., Litt.D.
Japanese .. ..	Smith, T. J., M.A.

## DEMONSTRATORS.

Chemistry .. ..	Green, Miss Leila A., M.Sc.
Bacteriology .. ..	Rennie, Miss H. M., M.B., B.S.
Engineering .. ..	Rennie, E. J. C., B.E.
Pathology .. ..	Doyle, L., M.B., M.S.
Natural Philosophy .. ..	Rossiter, A. L., M.Sc.
" .. ..	Allen, Miss N. C. B., B.Sc.
Veterinary Anatomy .. ..	Meyers, C. N., B.V.Sc.
Biology .. ..	Raft, Miss J. W., M.Sc.
Physiology .. ..	Kincaid, Miss H. E., D.Sc.
Medicine .. ..	Denehy, W. J., M.D., B.S.
Surgery .. ..	Roche, C. W. G., M.D., B.S.

## OFFICE STAFF.

Registrar .. ..	Bainbridge, J. P., F.I.C.A., F.C.I.S.
Chief Clerk .. ..	Serle, P.
Librarian .. ..	Ulrich, E. D., M.A.
" Medical School .. ..	Gladish, F.
Assistant Secretary, Conservatorium ..	Crow, J. Sutton.

# **THE MELBOURNE AND METROPOLITAN BOARD OF WORKS.**

Office.	Name.
Chairman	W. J. C. Riddell.
Commissioners—	
W. Burton, J.P., E. C. Treadwell, Hon. J. G. Aikman, J.P., M.L.C., J. H. Gardiner, H. Parris, J.P., W. W. Cabena, Dr. G. Cuscaden, J.P., Frank Stapley, D. Bell, J.P., representing the City of Melbourne.	
J. Baragwanath, J.P., John Cockbill, J.P., T. H. Craine, J.P., D. McArthur, J.P., representing the City of South Melbourne.	
E. Naylor, E. H. Willis, J. J. W. Flintoft, J.P., representing the City of Prahran.	
A. Collins, J.P., W. Johns, J.P., representing the City of Collingwood.	
A. Renfrew, J.P., A. Wheeler, M.B., J.P., representing the City of Fitzroy.	
A. F. Fear, H. H. Bell, representing the City of Richmond.	
J. H. A. Pittard, J.P., E. O'Donnell, J.P., representing the City of St. Kilda.	
F. E. Shillabeer, J.P., representing the City of Footscray.	
E. Ward, representing the City of Hawthorn.	
J. Allard, J.P., representing the City of Brunswick.	
W. J. Mountain, representing the City of Essendon.	
L. W. Holmes, representing the City of Malvern.	
P. St. John Hall, representing the City of Caulfield.	
F. F. Read, representing the City of Camberwell.	
H. E. Bastings, representing the City of Northcote.	
T. Wilson, J.P., representing the City of Brighton.	
Geo. S. Walter, representing the City of Port Melbourne.	
J. J. Liston, representing the City of Williamstown.	
Sir Henry de C. Kellett, J.P., representing the Town of Kew.	
Alex. G. Campbell, J.P., representing the Town of Coburg.	
J. S. White, J.P., representing the Shire of Heidelberg.	
C. T. Crispe, J.P., representing the Shire of Preston.	
Secretary	Geo. A. Gibbs, J.P.
Treasurer	R. Richardson.
Engineer-in-Chief	Vacant.

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Office.	Name.
Chairman	O. Jones.
Members	H. R. Mackay. C. E. L. Poole.

## **MELBOURNE HARBOR TRUST.**

Office.	Name.
Commissioners—	
Chairman	G. F. Holden.
Representative of shipping interests	W. T. Appleton.
Representative of exporters	J. A. Boyd.
Representative of importers	H. Meeks.
Representative of primary producers	D. McLennan.
Secretary	J. H. McCutchan.
Engineer	A. C. Mackenzie.
Harbor Master (Acting)	D. Kerr.
Treasurer	R. E. Shepherd.
Superintendent of Dredging	D. Kerr.

**GEE LONG HARBOR TRUST.**

Office.	Name.
Commissioners .. ..	J. Hill (Chairman); E. J. Bechervaise, R. McGregor, M.L.A.
Secretary .. ..	J. H. Grey.
Accountant .. ..	C. W. Dickins.
Engineer (acting) and Surveyor ..	F. G. Goldstone.
Inspecting Engineer .. ..	Geo. S. Richardson.
Harbor Master, Geelong .. ..	Captain George A. Molland.

**MELBOURNE TRAMWAYS BOARD.**

Office.	Name.
Chairman .. ..	A. Cameron.
Members .. ..	Alderman W. W. Cabena. C. Templeton. Cr. E. H. Willis. Cr. H. H. Bell. Hon. J. G. Membrey. T. Reynolds.

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Office.	Name.
Commissioners—	
Wm. G. McBeath, C.B.E., J.P. (Chairman).	
W. Bell Jackson.	
Major-General Sir J. W. McCay, C.B., K.C.M.G.	
G. A. Young.	
C. Forrester.	
W. Warren Kerr, C.B.E. (deputy).	
Inspector-General .. ..	Geo. E. Emery, J.P.
Chief Inspector .. ..	A. Cooch, J.P.
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Office.			Name.
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Members	..	..	F. G. Wood, J.P., appointed by Governor in Council.
			Alderman W. Burton, J.P., City of Melbourne.
			Councillor A. Wheeler, M.B., J.P., North Yarra Group.
			Councillor J. Baragwanath, South Yarra Group.
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			(Vacant.) Western Country Boroughs.
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			Councillor H. A. Austin, J.P., Western Shires.
Assistant Health Officer	..	..	J. Johnston, M.D.
"	"	"	C. H. Johnson, M.D.
Secretary	..	..	T. W. H. Holmes, J.P., F.I.A.A.
Senior Clerk	..	..	A. P. Kane.
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Examiner in Navigation and Seaman-ship			H. Goodrham.
Examiner in Pilotage	..	..	R. Wills.
Counsel	..	..	E. J. D. Guinness.
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**COURT OF MARINE INQUIRY.**

Office.			Name.
President	..	..	Senior Police Magistrate presiding.
Skilled Members	..	..	V. E. E. Gotch, E. Smith, A. McCowan, G. B. Ramsay, R. Wills, W. F. A. H. Russell, F. W. Strickland.

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Members	..	..	James Lock.
			Thomas Graham.
Secretary and Accountant	..	..	W. H. Banks.

**INDETERMINATE SENTENCES BOARD.**

	Office.			Name.
Chairman	..	..	..	Hon. S. Mauger.
Members	..	..	..	W. R. Anderson, I.S.O.
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**COUNTRY ROADS BOARD.**

	Office.			Name.
Chairman	..	..	..	W. Calder, M. Inst. C.E.
Members	..	..	..	W. T. B. McCormack, C.E.
				F. W. Fricke.

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